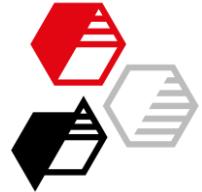


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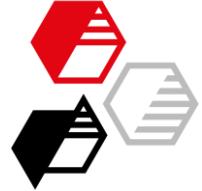
# **Neuburg Siliceous Earth – Sandability and Corrosion Protection for Water-based Primer-Surfacer for Trains, 2C Epoxy, yellow**



# Contents

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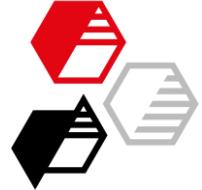
- Introduction
- Experimental
- Results
  - Processing and mechanical properties
  - Sandability by machine / manually
  - Corrosion test
  - Cost Index
- Summary
- Appendix



## Status Quo

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- The use of water-based formulations is required for environmental reasons and is subject to complex requirements in terms of design, functionality or weathering stability.
- The often applied multi-layer coating structure and the slower drying properties compared to solvent-based systems, however, represent time-consuming and energy-intensive process steps.
- To compensate for this, a more economical, faster to process coating concept would be desirable, in particular early and quick sanding properties.
- Ideally, the contribution to the level of corrosion protection required for the application is retained or even improved.



## Objective

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Is the well-known positive effect of **Neuburg Siliceous Earth** on drying behavior and sandability exploitable to apply coatings with aqueous paints more efficiently?

Assessment of the performance of

- Barium sulfate ppt
- Talc
- **Aktisil AM**
- **Aktifit AM**

Base formulation: Primer-Surfacer for trains, water-based, 2C EP

Major requirements: Sandability and corrosion protection



## Base formulation

| <b>Component A</b>                           |                         | parts by weight [pbw]                                      |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| <b>Pigment paste</b>                         | Water demineralized     | 15.1   |
|  | Additol VXW 6208        | dispersing additive<br>3.3                                 |
|  | Additol VXW 6393        | defoamer<br>0.1  |
|  | Kronos 2190             | pigment, white<br>8.0                                      |
|  | Bayferrox 3920          | pigment, yellow<br>2.5                                     |
|  | Bayferrox 130           | pigment, red<br>0.03                                       |
|  | <b>Filler</b>           | <b>varied</b><br><b>x</b>                                  |
|  | Additol VXW 6393        | defoamer<br>0.05   |
|  | Texanol                 | solvent<br>0.6   |
|  | Additol VXW 6388        | rheology modifier<br>0.6                                   |
| <b>Component B</b>                           | Methoxypropanol         | solvent<br>1.0   |
|  | Beckocure EH 2261w/41WA | aliph. polyamine adduct dispersion, HEW 1100 g/mol<br>24.2 |
|  | TACorr MSW              | org. corrosion inhibitor<br>2.0                            |
|  | flashpro TAC C4E        | flash rust inhibitor<br>0.4                                |
|  | Water demineralized     | <br>1.4  |
|  | <b>Total</b>            | <b>59.3 + x</b>  |
|  | <b>Component B</b>      |  |
|  | Beckopox EP 387w/52WA   | solid epoxy resin dispersion, EEW 1000 g/mol<br>41.3       |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | Water demineralized     | 4.6  |
|  | <b>Total A + B</b>      | <b>105.2 + x</b>   |
| Stoichiometric crosslinking ratio amin/epoxy |                         | 0.53   |



## Fillers and Combinations

| [pbw]              | Control with barium sulfate ppt |                               | Replacement of filler        |             |          |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------|
|                    |                                 | Filler<br>Dosage<br>increased | substitution by equal volume |             |          |
|                    |                                 |                               | + Talc                       | NSE* + Talc | NSE pure |
| Barium sulfate ppt | 45                              | 75                            | 50                           |             |          |
| Talc               |                                 |                               | 15                           | 15          | 15       |
| Aktisil AM         |                                 |                               |                              | 30          | 44       |
| Aktifit AM         |                                 |                               |                              |             | 30       |
| PVC [%]            | 32                              | 42                            | constant                     |             |          |



Filler characteristics



Structure of NSE\* = Neuburg Siliceous Earth

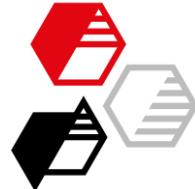


## Final Formulations

| Component A<br>[pbw] | PVC 32 %                      | PVC 42 % |                      |                      |            |       |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|-------|
|                      | Control<br>Barium sulfate ppt | + Talc   | Aktisil AM<br>+ Talc | Aktifit AM<br>+ Talc | Aktisil AM |       |
| Water demineralized  | 15.1                          | 17.5     | 19.1                 | 30.5                 | 30.5       | 32.0  |
| Additives / Pigments | 13.93                         | 13.93    | 13.93                | 13.93                | 13.93      | 13.93 |
| Barium sulfate ppt   | 45                            | 75       | 50                   |                      |            |       |
| Talc                 |                               |          | 15                   | 15                   | 15         |       |
| Aktisil AM           |                               |          |                      | 30                   |            | 44    |
| Aktifit AM           |                               |          |                      |                      | 30         |       |
| Additol VXW 6393     | 0.05                          | 0.05     | 0.05                 | 0.05                 | 0.05       | 0.05  |
| Texanol              | 0.6                           | 0.6      | 0.6                  | 0.6                  | 0.6        | 0.6   |
| Additives / Hardener | 28.2                          | 28.2     | 28.2                 | 28.2                 | 28.2       | 28.2  |
| Water demineralized  | 1.4                           | ---      | ---                  | ---                  | ---        | ---   |
|                      | 104.3                         | 135.3    | 126.9                | 118.3                | 118.3      | 118.8 |
| Component B          |                               |          | 45.9                 |                      |            |       |
| Total A + B          | 150.2                         | 181.2    | 172.8                | 164.2                | 164.2      | 164.7 |
| Solids content [%]   | w/w                           | 59.9     | 66.4                 | 63.7                 | 54.8       | 54.8  |
|                      | v/v                           | 41.4     | 44.7                 | 43.9                 | 39.8       | 39.5  |



Preparative Methods



## Processing and Mechanical Properties

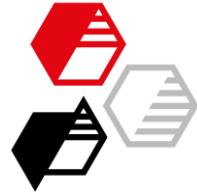
| Viscosity Component A     | <span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">i</span> | stable   | changing   | changing  | stable   | stable   | stable      |
|---------------------------|---|----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Storage stability         | <span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">i</span> | moderate | poor       | poor      | good     | moderate | very good ✓ |
| Viscosity Component A + B | <span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">i</span> | low      | very high  | very high | moderate | low      | high        |
| Pendulum hardness         | <span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">i</span> |          | comparable |           |          |          | higher      |
| Adhesion                  | <span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">i</span> |          | very good  |           |          |          | very good   |

Barium sulfate Barium sulfate Barium sulfate Aktisil AM  
ppt ppt ppt + Talc + Talc + Talc

PVC 32 %



PVC 42 %



## Sandability by Machine – Rotation / fast

at 500 revolutions min<sup>-1</sup>

|                                 |   |   |       |       |       |   |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-------|-------|-------|---|
| Pre-drying<br>16 h 23 °C        | 0 | 1 | 1     | 2 - 3 | 3 - 4 | 2 |
| + 2 h 60 °C<br>Convection drier | 1 | 2 | 3 - 4 | 3 - 4 | 4 - 5 | 2 |

at 2000 revolutions min<sup>-1</sup>

more critical: stronger adhesion of grinding dust

|                                 |   |       |   |       |       |   |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|---|-------|-------|---|
| Pre-drying<br>16 h 23 °C        | 0 | 0     | 1 | 2 - 3 | 3 - 4 | 2 |
| + 2 h 60 °C<br>Convection drier | 1 | 2 - 3 | 4 | 4 - 5 | 5     | 3 |

Barium sulfate  
ppt      Barium sulfate  
ppt      Barium sulfate  
ppt + Talc

PVC 32 %



PVC 42 %

Aktisil AM

Aktisil AM  
+ Talc

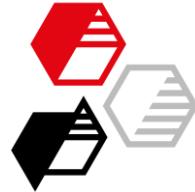
Aktifit AM  
+ Talc



Procedure and detailed results

### Assessment of amount of removable fine dust:

0 = not sandable, 5 = ideal sandable



## Sandability manually – Lateral Strokes / slow

at 50 double strokes 1 double hub s<sup>-1</sup>

| Pre-drying<br>2 h 40 °C<br>Convection drier | 0                     | 1                     | 0 - 1                        | 1                    | 2                    | 3          |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 16 h 23 °C                                  | 0                     | 2                     | 1 - 2                        | 2 - 3                | 3                    | 4          |
| + 2 h 60 °C<br>Conception drier             | 3                     | 3 - 4                 | 3                            | 4                    | 4 - 5                | 5          |
|   | Barium sulfate<br>ppt | Barium sulfate<br>ppt | Barium sulfate<br>ppt + Talc | Aktisil AM<br>+ Talc | Aktifit AM<br>+ Talc | Aktisil AM |

PVC 32 %



PVC 42 %

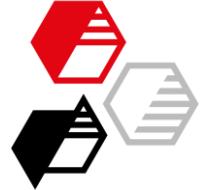


### Assessment of amount of removable fine dust:

0 = not sandable, 5 = ideal sandable



Procedure and detailed results



## Sandability by Machine / manually – Overall Rating

---

**Barium sulfate ppt** → unsatisfactory

- higher rotational speed / additional convective drying phase practically ineffective
- acceptable results require manual sanding at higher load weight and additional higher drying temperatures

**Combination with Talc** → only useful with restrictions

- in machinery grinding test: additional drying time at 60°C convection needed to improve poor sandability and to reduce dust sticking
- in manual grinding: stronger lubricating effect and worse result than with pure barium sulfate, even after additional short forced drying

**Neuburg Siliceous Earth** → for best results

- better sanding at early stage of drying
- for machine grinding with maximum effect: Talc + **Aktifit AM**
- for manual sanding at higher weight load: **Aktisil AM** pure



## Corrosion Test – Assessment after 300 h Salt Spray Test

### Barrier protection non-scribed area

|                       |           |           |                  |                             |                  |                 |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Adhesion 24 h         | very poor | poor      | good - very good | very good<br>✓<br>very good | good – very good | good            |
| 0 h = Wet adhesion    | very poor | very poor | good             | moderate                    | moderate         | good - moderate |
| Blistering resistance | < 72 h    | < 72 h    | < 72 h           | > 300 h                     | > 300 h          | > 300 h         |
| Corrosion resistance  | very low  | very low  | low              | very high = Optimum         |                  |                 |

### Protection at scribe Sikkens

|                                    |          |          |      |        |        |        |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|------|--------|--------|--------|
| Delamination                       | > 40 mm  | 10 mm    | 6 mm | < 2 mm | < 2 mm | < 2 mm |
| Blistering- / Corrosion resistance | moderate | very low | low  | high   | high   | high   |

Barium sulfate  
ppt

Barium sulfate  
ppt

Barium sulfate  
ppt + Talc

PVC 32 %



Aktisil AM  
+ Talc

Aktifit AM  
+ Talc

Aktisil AM

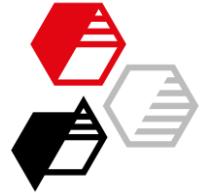
PVC 42 %



Q-Panel R 48, DFT 80 µm

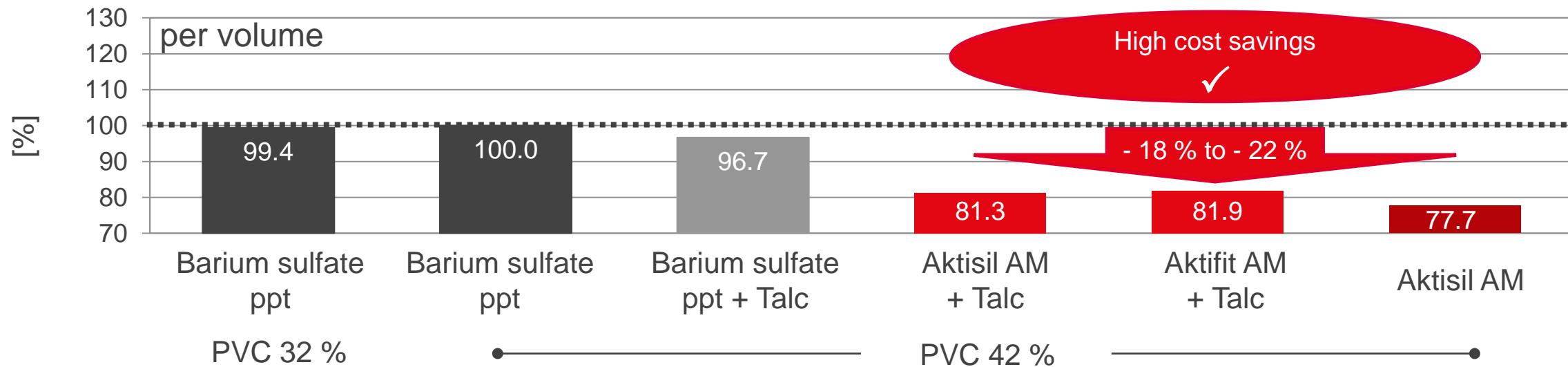
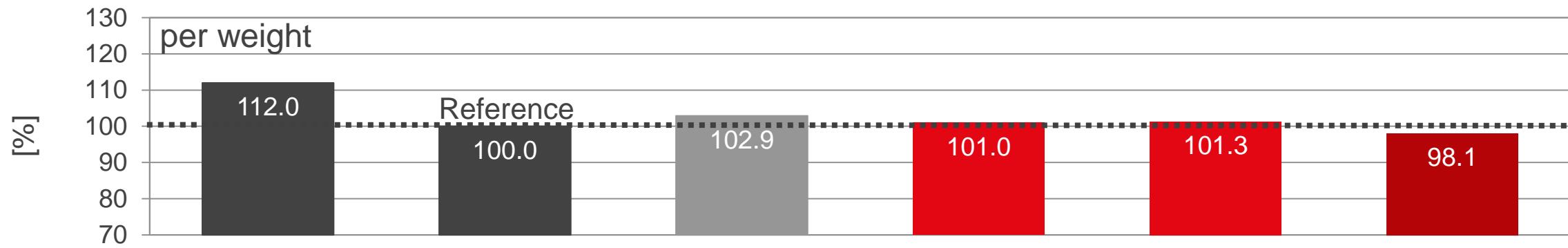


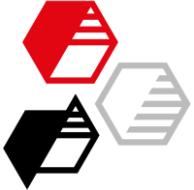
Procedure and detailed results



## Cost Index

Reference wet paint = 100 % (Germany 2021)





## Results (1)

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### Barium sulfate ppt

- easy processability but causes lack of viscosity stability and sedimentation stability during storage
- Sandability and corrosion protection proves insufficient

### Combination with Talc

- speeds up sedimentation tendency and hard sediment formation
- acceptable sandability requires fast grinding speed under low weight load and extended drying time
- Improvement in poor anti-corrosion performance limited to better adhesion and lower delamination at scribe. Strong blistering tendency remains and leads to metal corrosion.

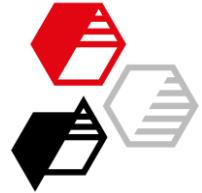


## Results (2)

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### **Neuburg Siliceous Earth** grades boost performance level

- very good storage stability when using **Aktisil AM**
- faster hardness build-up after paint application
- improved sandability with **Aktisil AM** and **Aktifit AM** despite higher water content of formulation
- excellent, easier and earlier sandability whether for machine grinding (Talc + **Aktifit AM**) or for manual sanding (**Aktisil AM** used alone)
- short forced drying further improves non-stick behavior to sandpaper.
- much better corrosion resistance and thus significantly longer protection period in non-scribed area (no blistering or metall corrosion)
- Lowest delamination at scribe
- Outstanding paint adhesion even under corrosive conditions (Talc + **Aktisil AM**)



## Customer Benefits

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**Aktisil AM** and **Aktifit AM** overcome existing drawbacks of typically used fillers in water-based primer-surfacer coatings:

- Enhanced sandability
  - ✓ More efficient, earlier or at lower drying temperature
  - ✓ More productive faster coating process
- Reduced sticking to sandpaper
  - ✓ Longer lasting grinding performance and service life of paper
  - ✓ Saving of maintenance work, waste as well as material cost
- Improved corrosion protection
  - ✓ Higher performance and durability of the coating
  - ✓ No aktive anti-corrosive pigment needed
- Further savings
  - ✓ Resources (lower raw material dosage)
  - ✓ Formulation costs

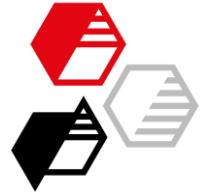


## Starting Formulations – Parts by Weight

| Component A                                  | [1]          | [2]                       | [3]          |
|--|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Pigment paste                                |              |                           |              |
| Water demineralized                          | 29.1         | 29.1                      | 29.1         |
| Additol VXW 6208                             | 3.3          | 3.3                       | 3.3          |
| Additol VXW 6393                             | 0.1          | 0.1                       | 0.1          |
| Kronos 2190                                  | 8.0          | 8.0                       | 8.0          |
| Bayferrox 3920                               | 2.5          | 2.5                       | 2.5          |
| Bayferrox 130                                | 0.03         | 0.03                      | 0.03         |
| Talc   | 15           | 15                        |              |
| Aktisil AM                                   | 30           |                           | 44           |
| Aktifit AM                                   |              | 30                        |              |
| Additol VXW 6393                             | 0.05         | 0.05                      | 0.05         |
| Texanol                                      | 0.6          | 0.6                       | 0.6          |
| Additol VXW 6388                             | 0.6          | 0.6                       | 0.6          |
| Methoxypropanol                              | 1.0          | 1.0                       | 1.0          |
| Beckocure EH 2261w/41WA                      | 24.2         | 24.2                      | 24.2         |
| TACcorr MSW                                  | 2.0          | 2.0                       | 2.0          |
| flashpro TAC C4E                             | 0.4          | 0.4                       | 0.4          |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | <b>118.3</b> | <b>118.3</b>              | <b>118.8</b> |
| Component B                                  |              |                           |              |
| Beckopox EP 387w/52WA                        | 41.3         | 41.3                      | 41.3         |
| Water demineralized                          | 4.6          | 4.6                       | 4.6          |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | <b>45.9</b>  | <b>45.9</b>               | <b>45.9</b>  |
| <b>Total A + B</b>                           | <b>164.2</b> | <b>164.2</b>              | <b>164.7</b> |
| Stoichiometric crosslinking ratio amin/epoxy | 0.53         | / Solids content w/w 55 % | / PVC 42 %   |

If corrosion protection is of less importance, good sandability results are also available with NSE grade **Sillitin Z 86**.

- [1] good sandability, markedly prolonged corrosion protection with outstanding surface adhesion
- [2] effective sandability for machine grinding at high rotation speed, good corrosion protection
- [3] Best rheological and sedimentation stability during storage, sandability at early stage, predominantly for manual sanding process, good corrosion protection



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## We supply materials for good ideas!

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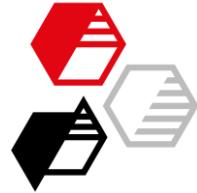
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## Further Information

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- Details of test methods and results with pictures
  - Preparative Methods
  - Processing and mechanical properties
  - Sandability by machine / manually
  - Corrosion test
- Structure of **Neuburg Siliceous Earth**
- Filler Characteristics



## Preparative Methods

### Mixing



Source: VMA/Gelzmann

#### Component A

- Pigment paste: Dissolver with toothed disc (Cowles Blade) 30 min at 8.0 m/s, ice water cooling
- Addition of remaining ingredients at 4.0 m/s (Additol VXW 6388 and methoxypropanol premixed)

#### Component B

- Mixing of blend of epoxy binder and water with component A for 2 min at paddle mixer

### Application

Substrate: cold rolled steel Q-Panel Type R 48

Single-Layer: undiluted with doctor blade 12 mm/s on automated film applicator  
dry film thickness ~ 80 µm

### Conditioning

Drying at 23°C / 50 % relative humidity

- Pendulum hardness, sandability: varied times
- Adhesion, corrosion test: 7 days

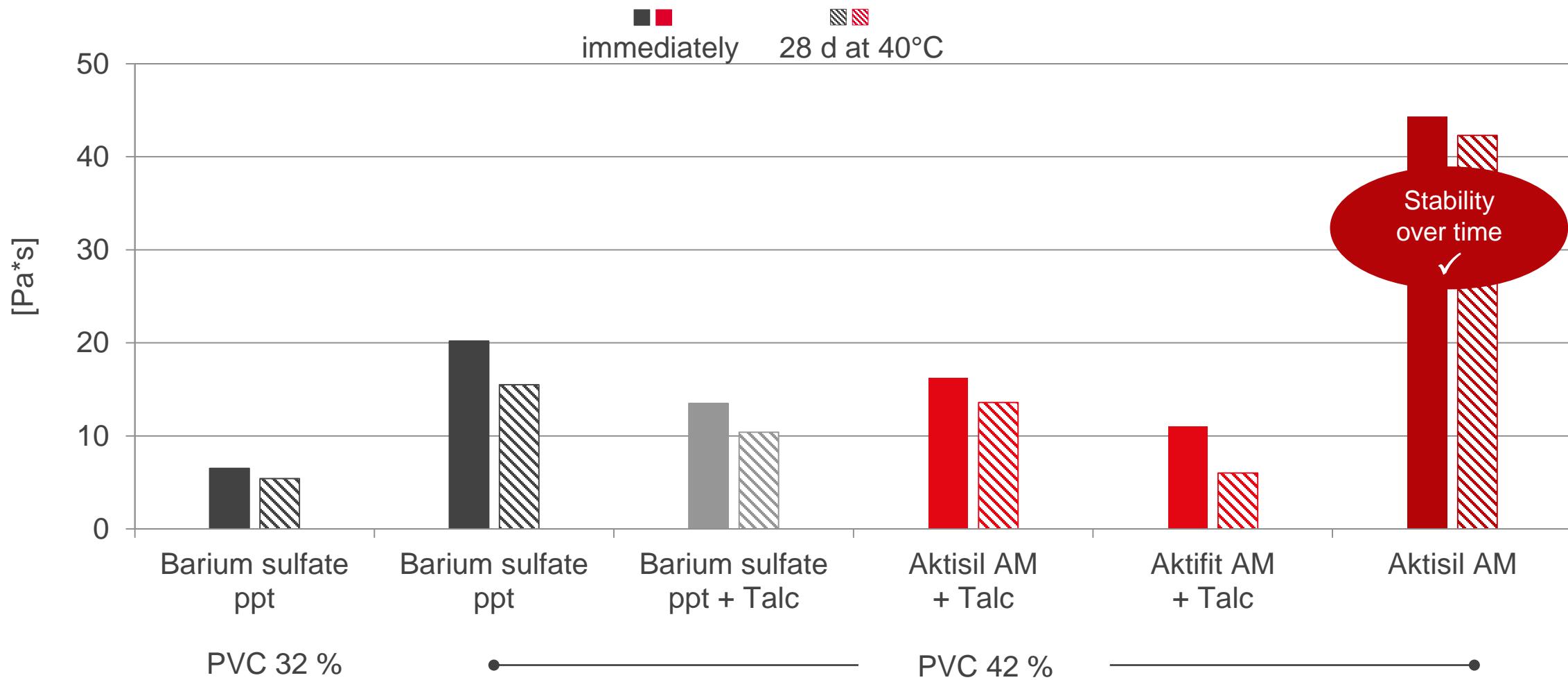




## Viscosity A-Component and „Rheological Stability over time“

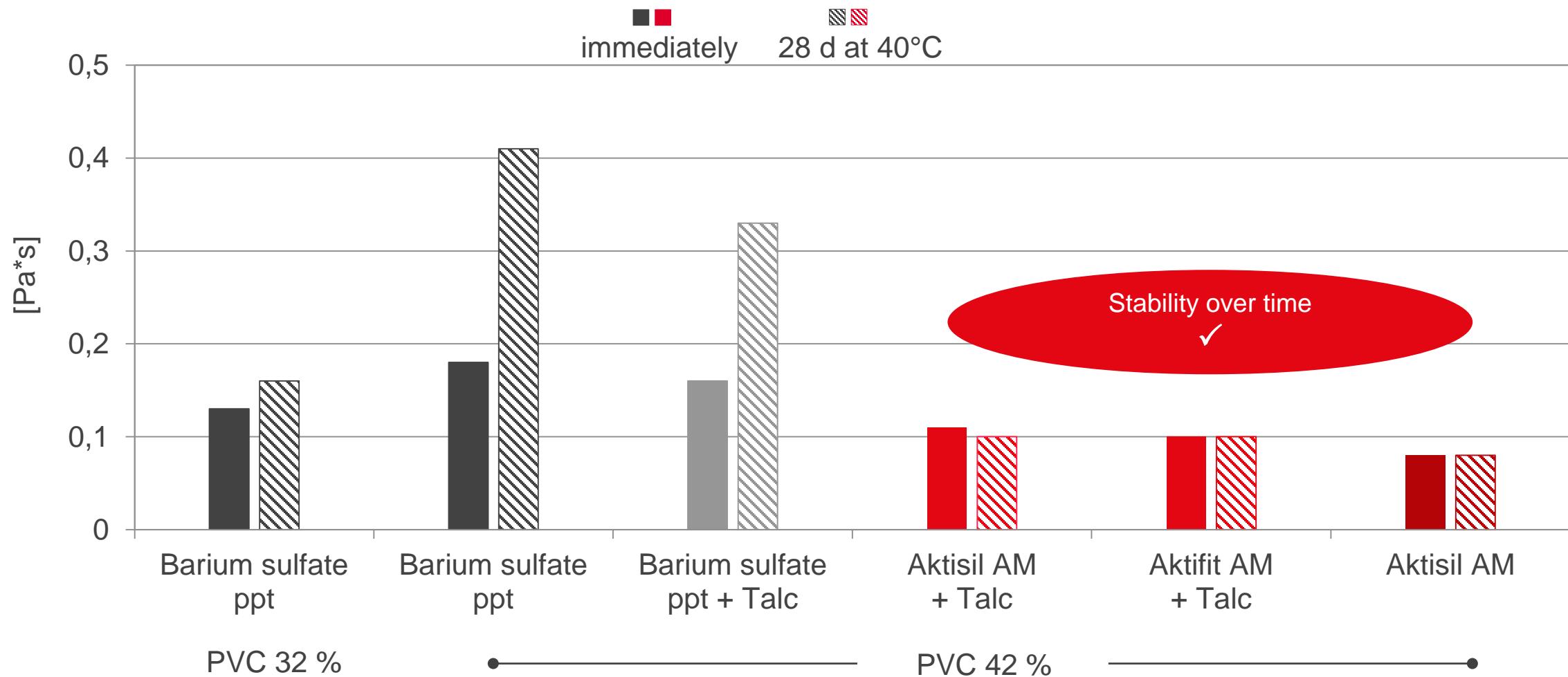
at low shear rate  $0.01 \text{ s}^{-1}$

MCR 300 / CC17 /  $23^\circ\text{C}$





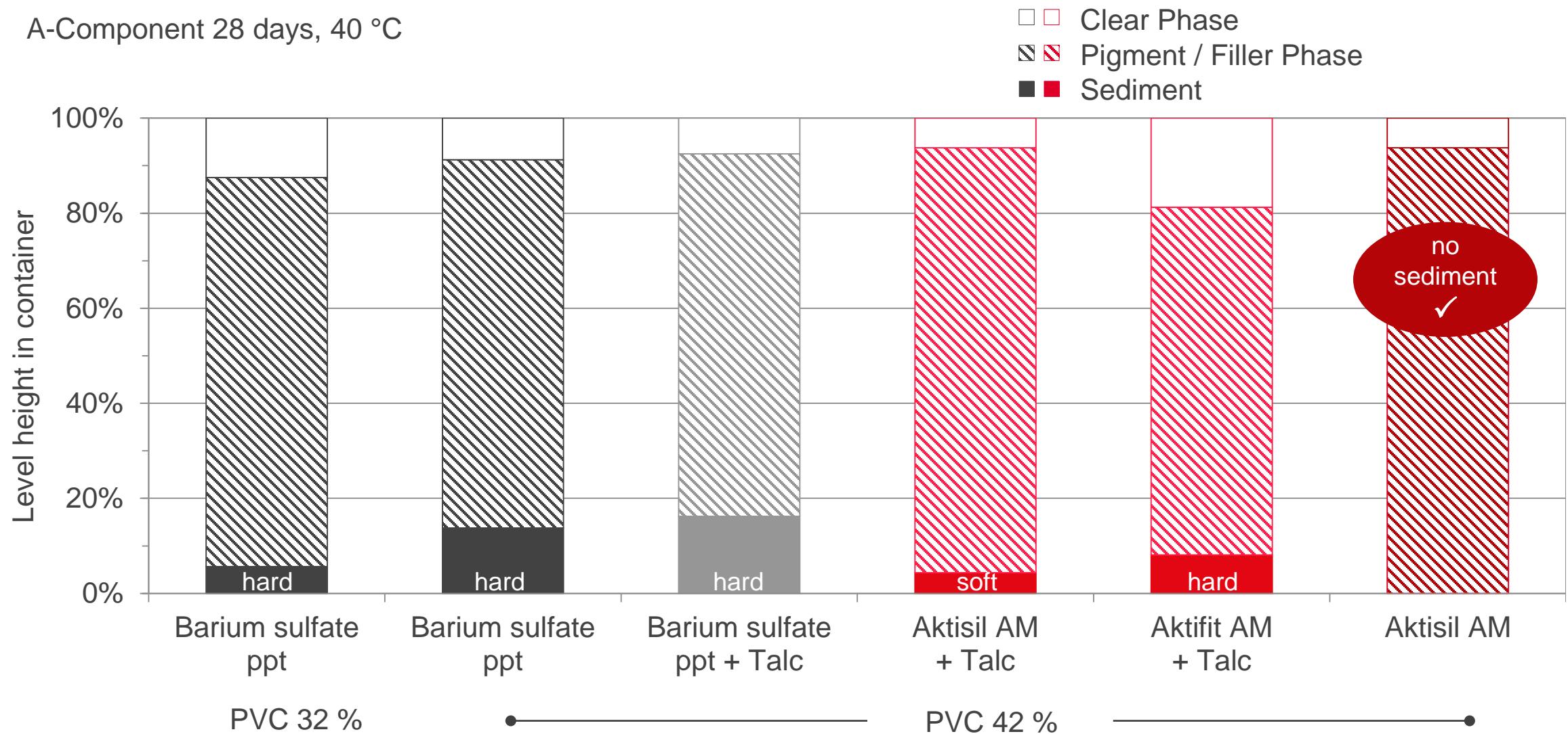
## Viscosity A-Component and „Rheological Stability over time“

at high shear rate  $1000\text{ s}^{-1}$ MCR 300 / CC17 /  $23^\circ\text{C}$ 



## Storage Stability

A-Component 28 days, 40 °C

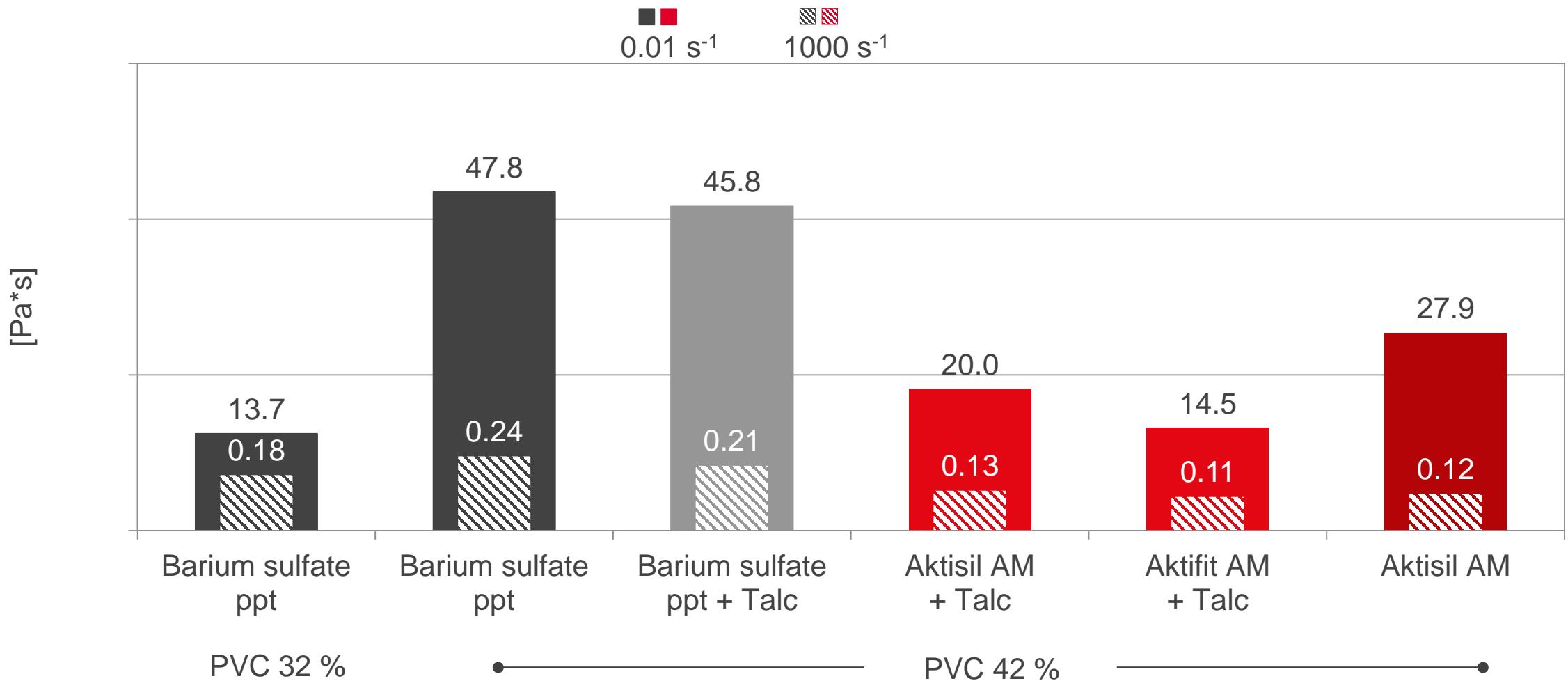




## Viscosity Component A+B

At low and high shear rate

MCR 300 / CC17 / 23 °C

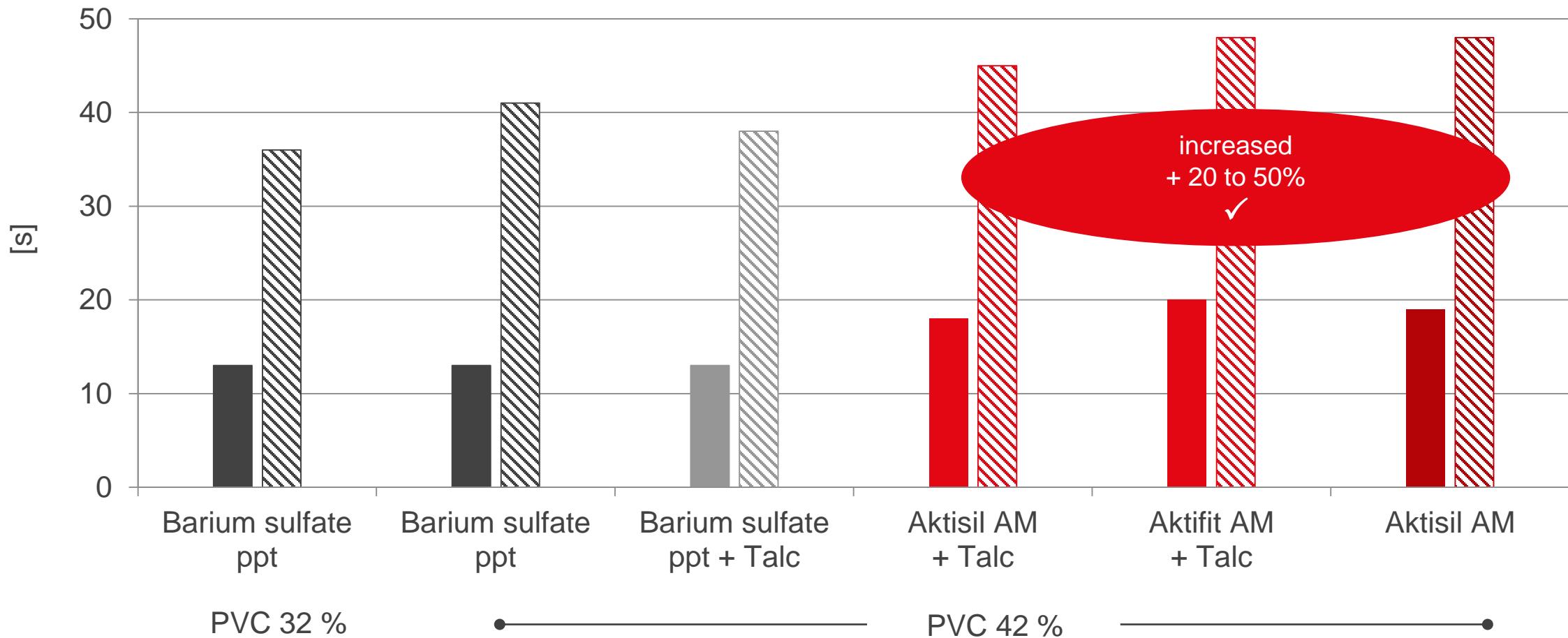


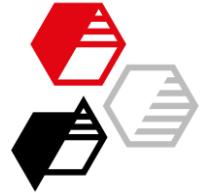


## Pendulum Hardness

König Dry film thickness 80 µm

■ ■ 16 h 23°C / 50% RH  
■ ■ 7 d 23°C / 50% RH

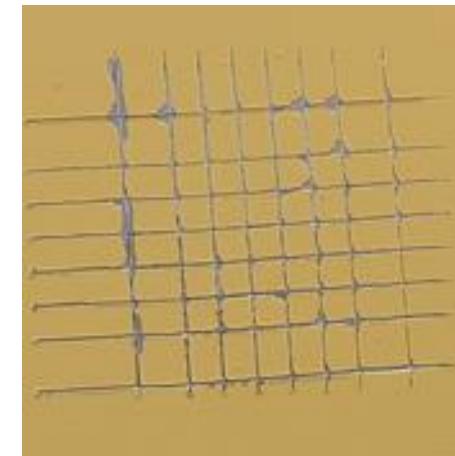
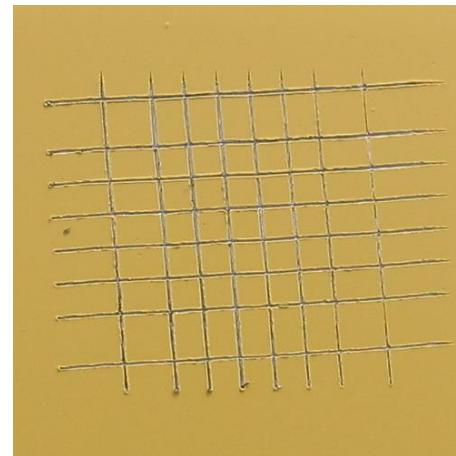


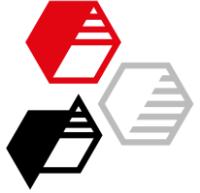


## Adhesion

Cross-cut test 2 mm, tape tear-off - Dry film thickness 80 µm

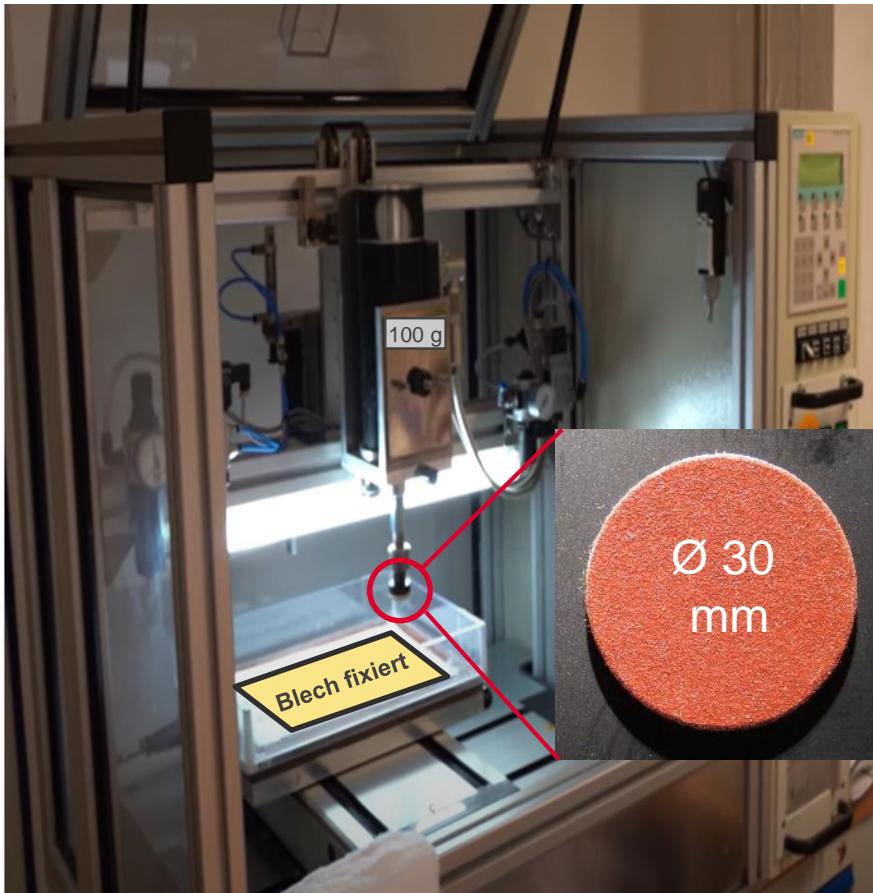
Excellent rating range: all Variants GT  $\leq 1$





## Sandability by Machine – Polish Test Bench

- ✓ Close to industrial procedure
- ✓ Qualitative + Quantitative



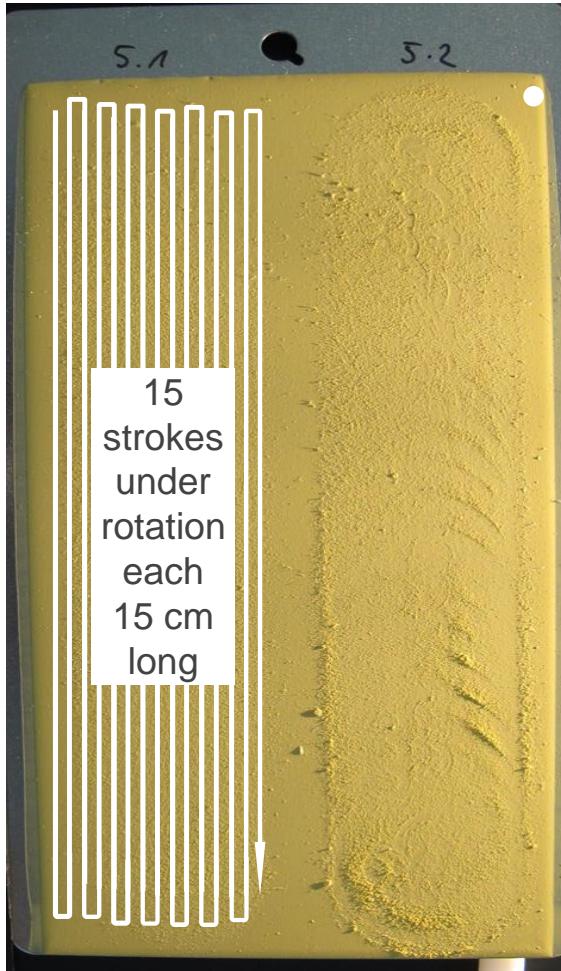
### Testing conditions:

- Dry grinding without dust suction
- Sandpaper grit P240
- High speed rotation  
500 or 2000 revolutions / min  
+ lateral strokes 3.5 cm / s
- Weight load 100 g = **14 g / cm<sup>2</sup>**



## Sandability by Machine – Polish Test Bench

### Test Procedure



#### Coating:

- Dry film thickness 80 µm

#### Drying: varied

- 16 h 23°C 50% RH
- 16 h 23°C 50% RH  
+ 2 h 60°C convection drier

#### Evaluation: abrasive material loss

- Quality
- Quantity gravimetrically  
non-sticking / sticking

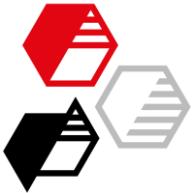


Hair brush



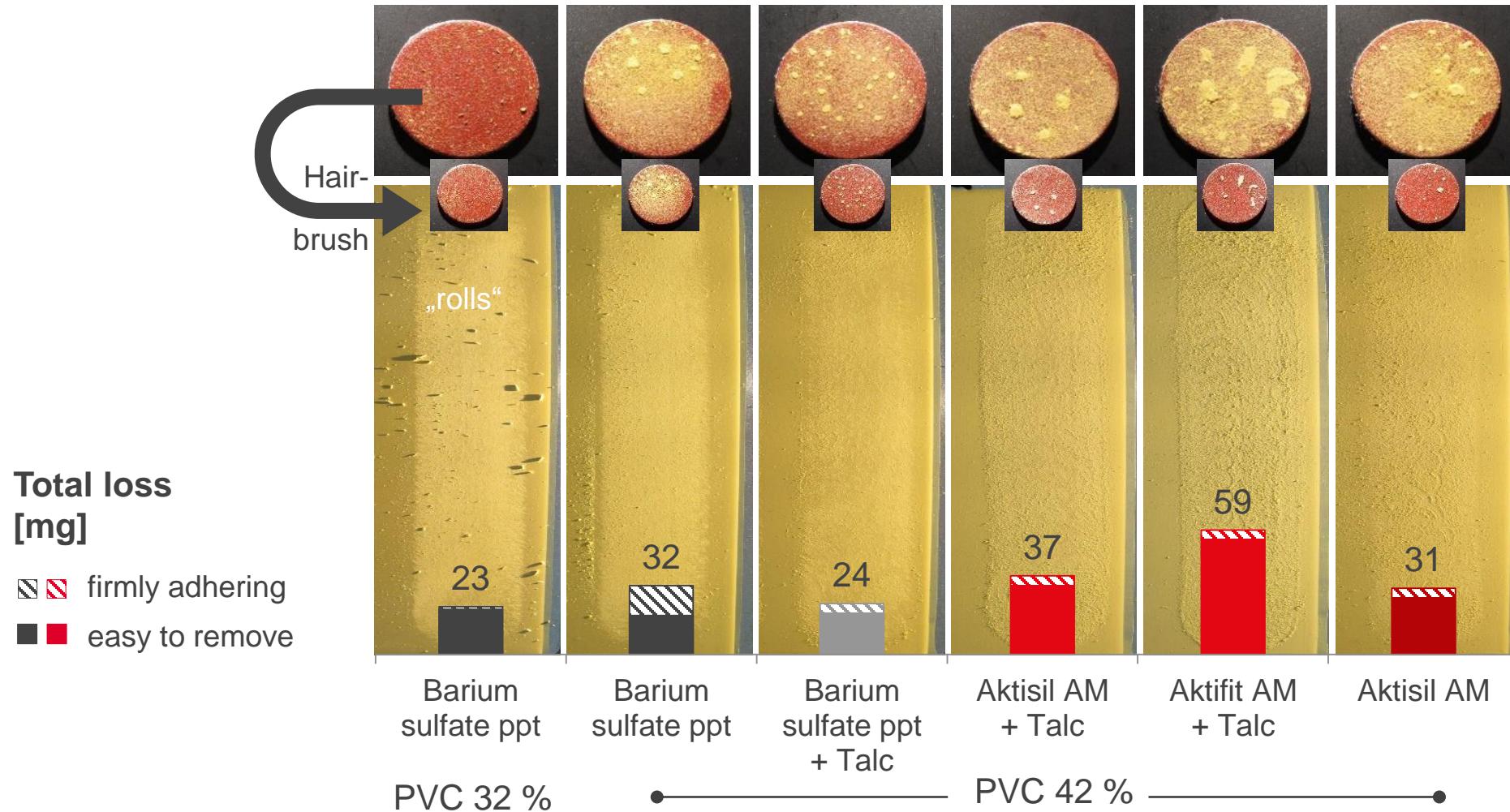
#### Problem:

Adhering dust islands reduce grinding power !



## Sandability by Machine, 500 rev. min<sup>-1</sup>

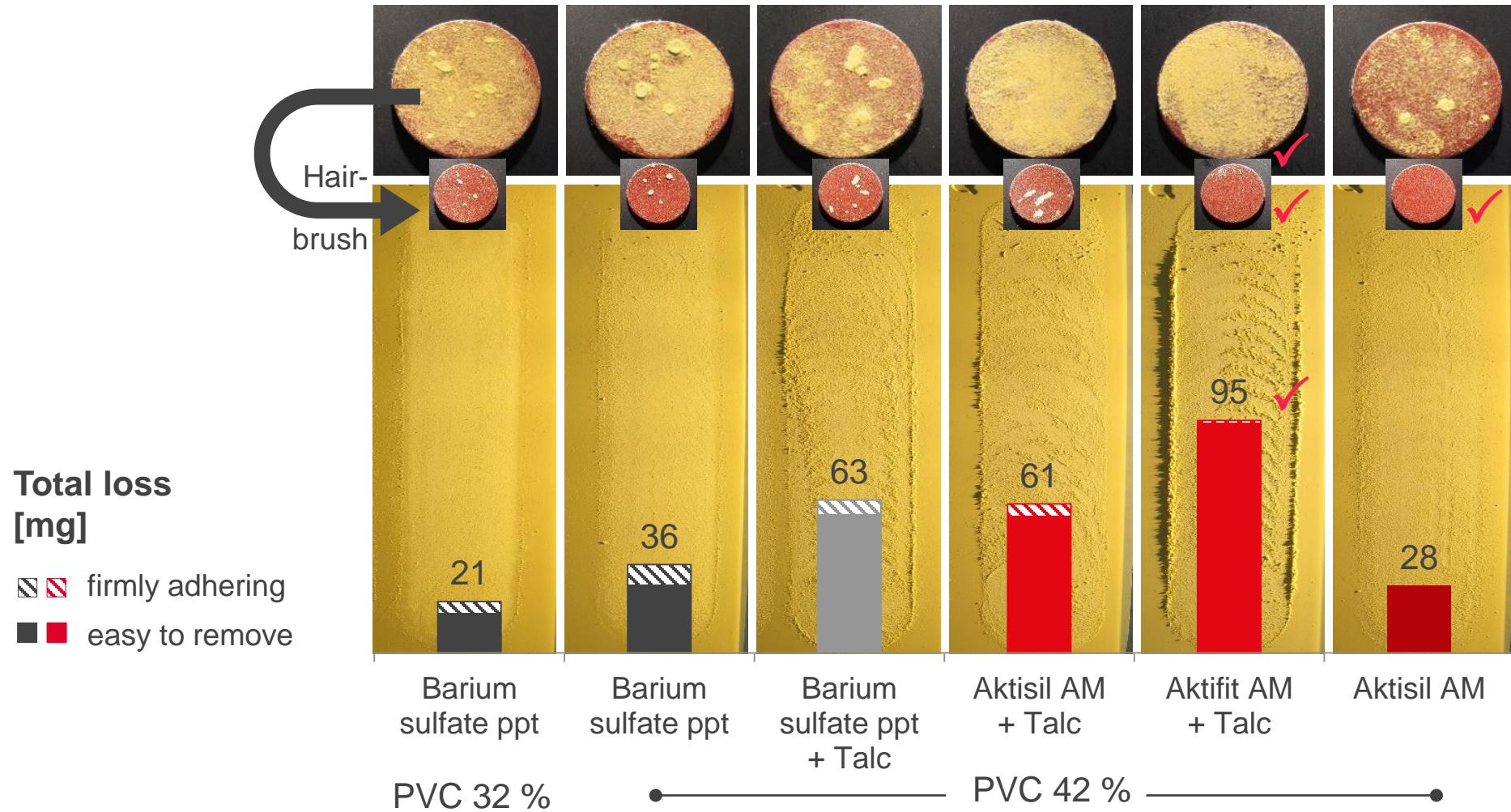
Drying 16 h 23°C





## Sandability by Machine, 500 rev. min<sup>-1</sup>

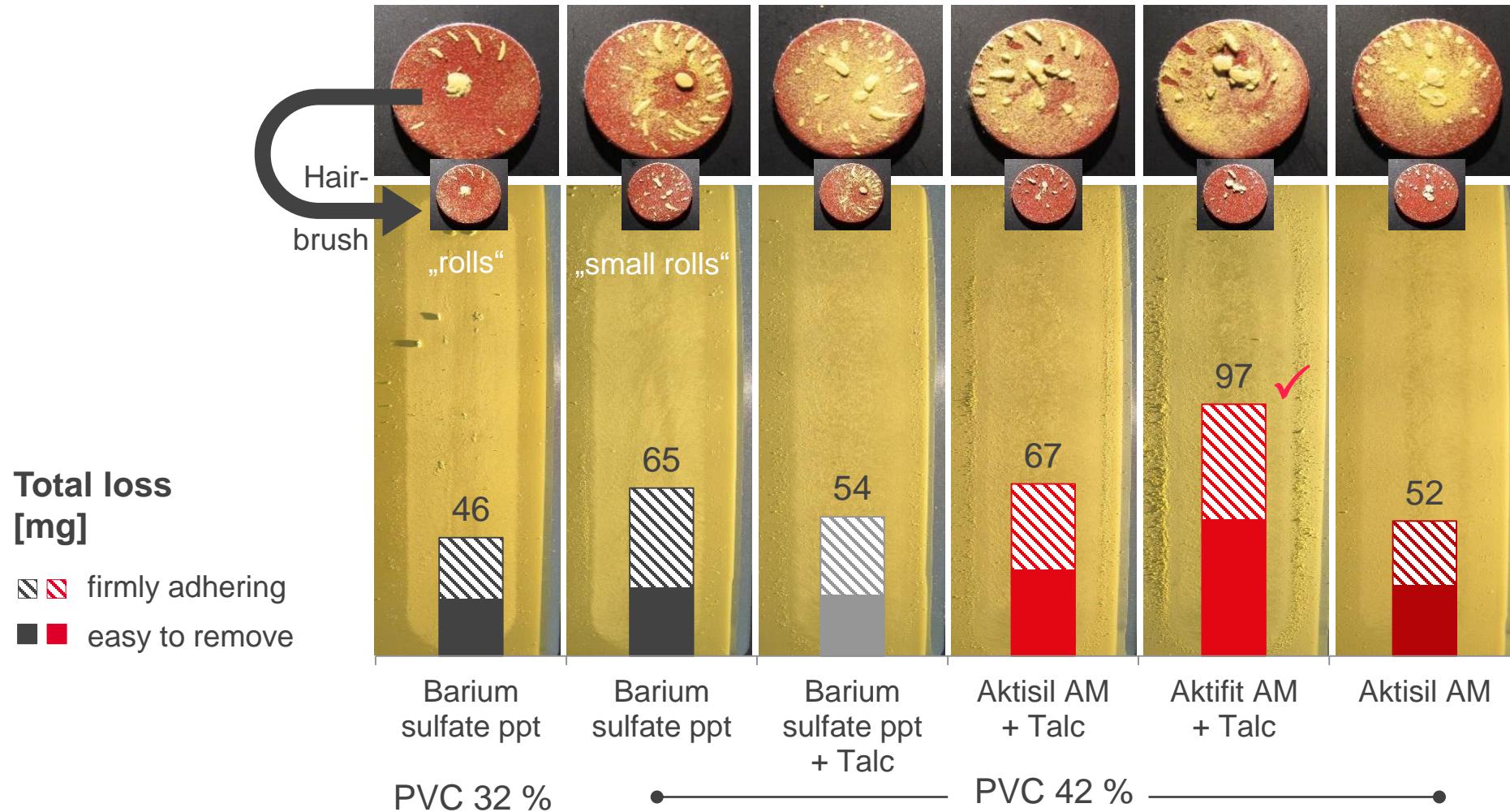
Drying 16 h 23°C + 2 h 60°C convection drier





## Sandability by Machine, 2000 rev. min<sup>-1</sup>

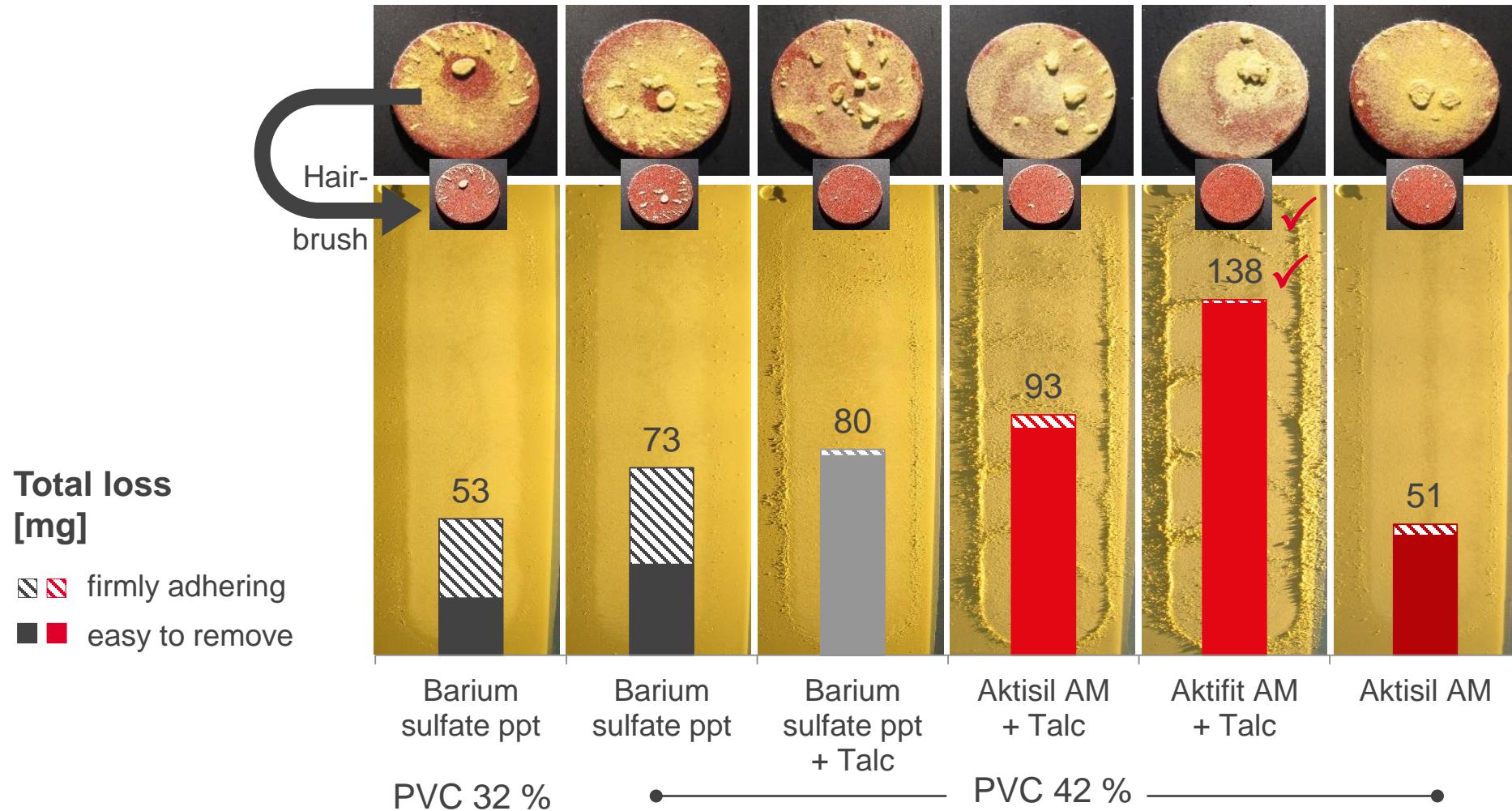
Drying 16 h 23°C





## Sandability by Machine, 2000 rev. min<sup>-1</sup>

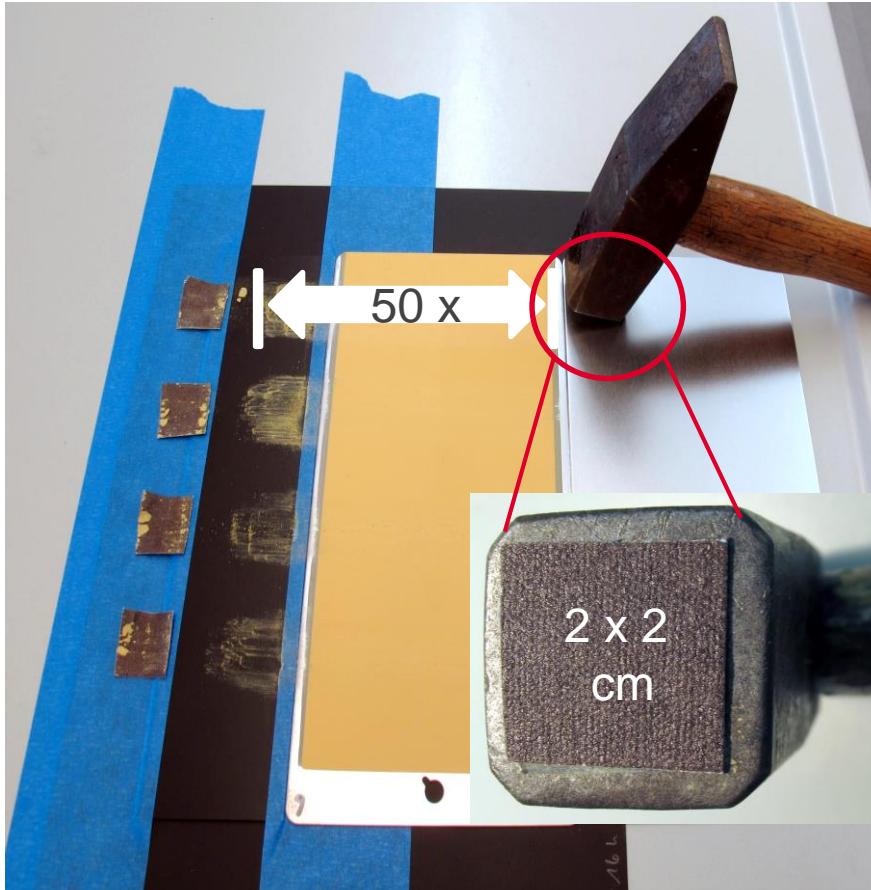
Drying 16 h 23°C + 2 h 60°C convection drier





## Sandability manually – Hammerhead at higher Load

- ✓ Laboratory test for quick results

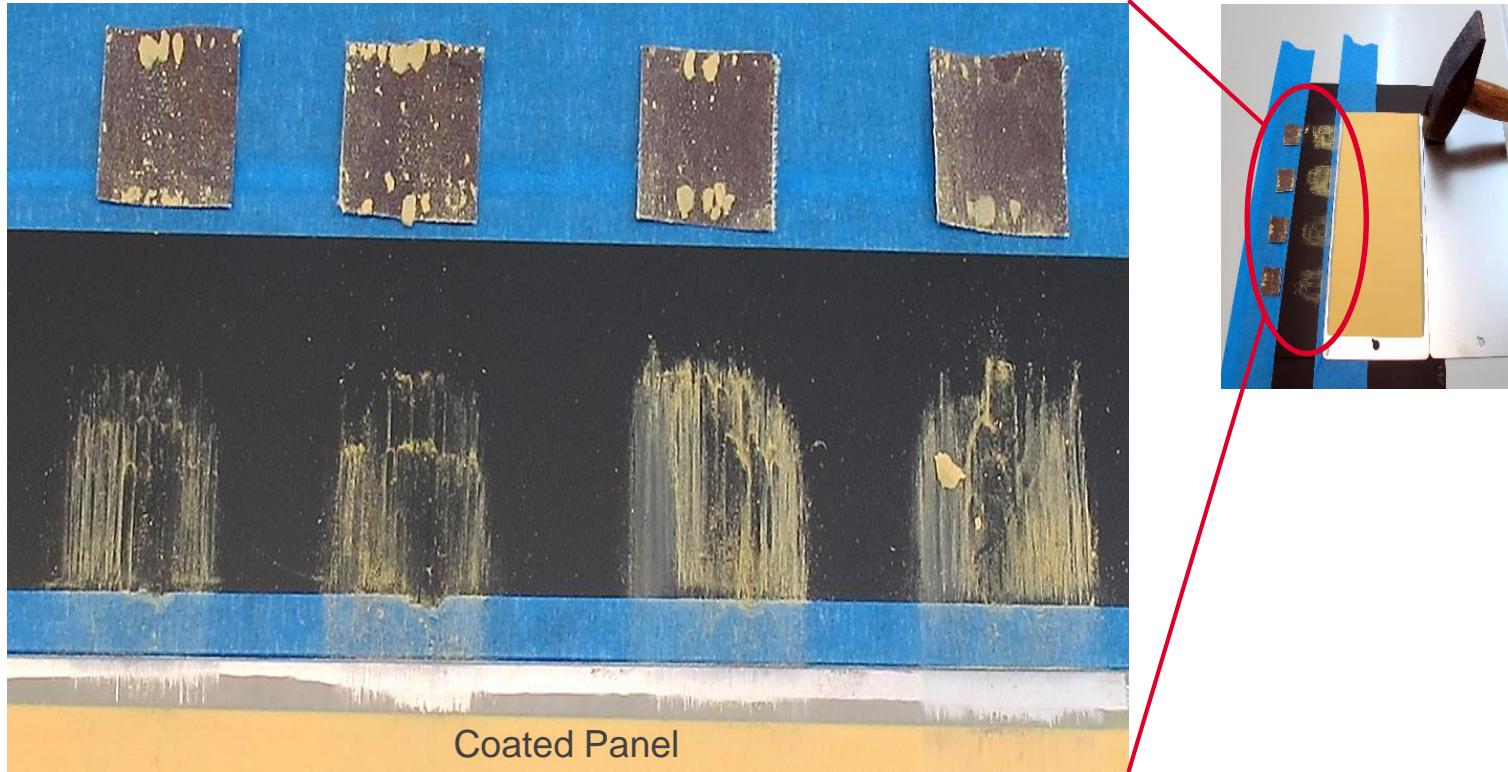


### Testing conditions:

- Dry grinding without dust suction
- Sandpaper grit P240
- Low speed 50 double strokes  
1 double hub / s
- Weight load 500 g = **125 g / cm<sup>2</sup>**



## Sandability manually – Hammerhead at higher Load



### Coating:

- Dry film thickness 80 µm

### Drying: varied

- 2 h 40°C convection drier
- 16 h 23°C 50% RH
- 16 h 23°C 50% RH + 2 h 60°C convection drier

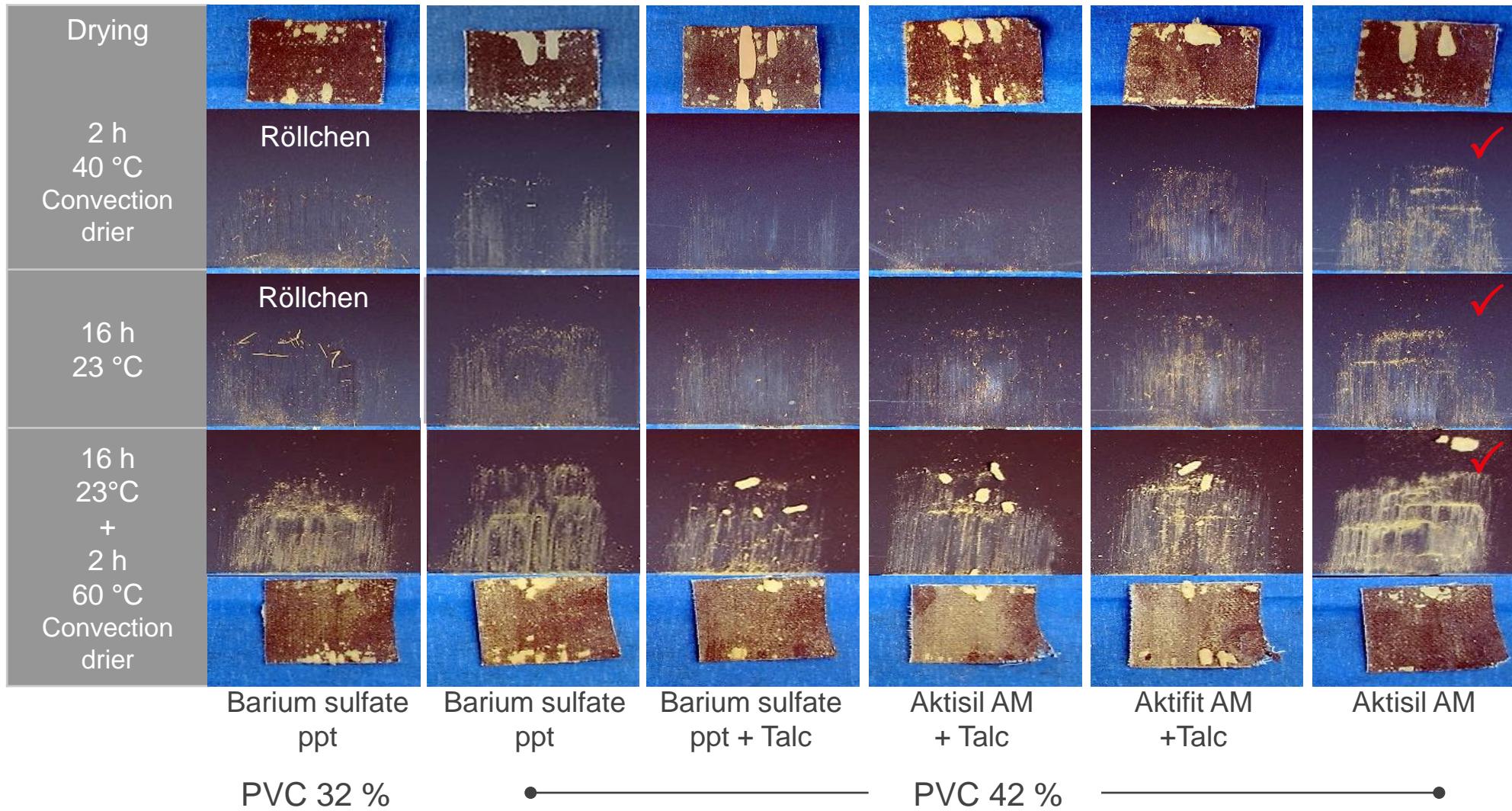
### Evaluation:

Abrasive material loss

- Quality
- Quantity, non-sticking



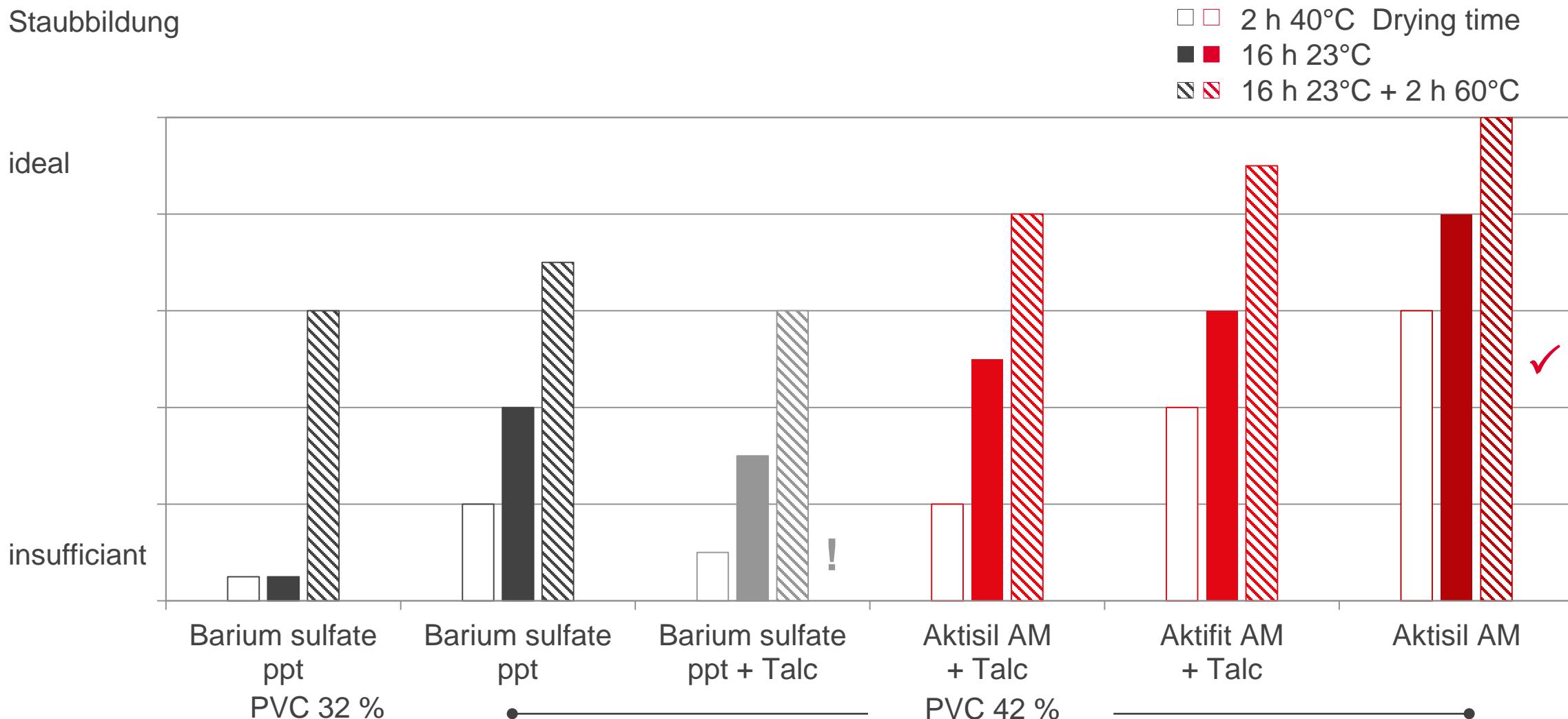
## Sandability manually – Visual Performance





## Sandability manually – Relative Performance

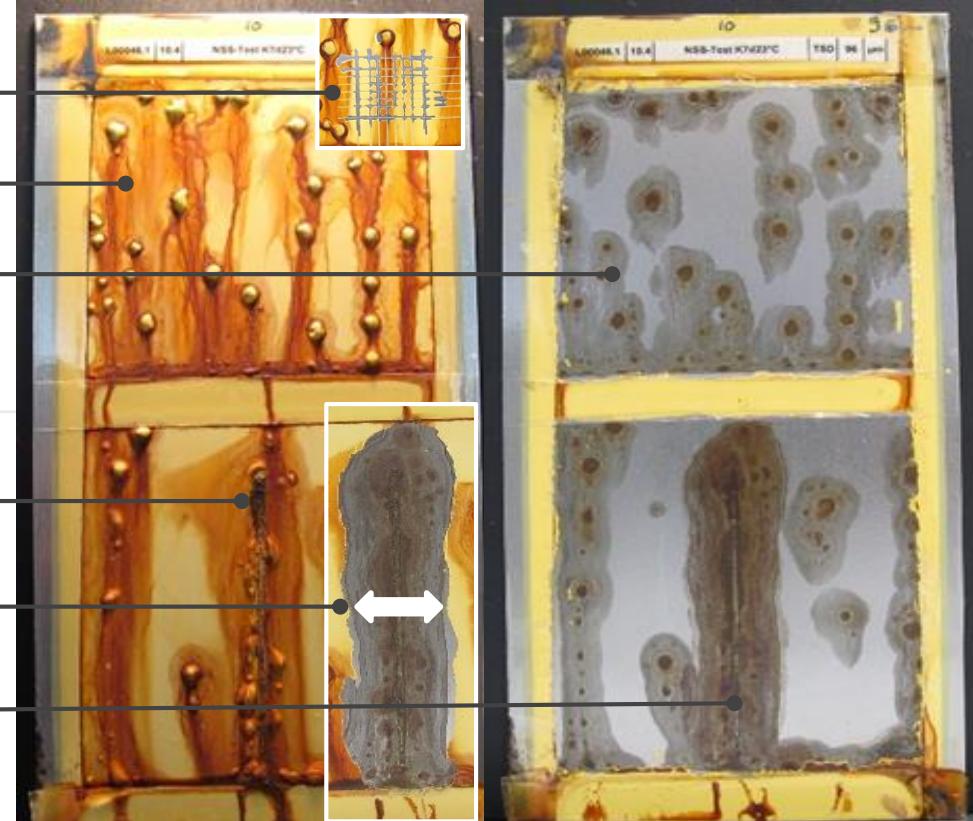
Staubbildung





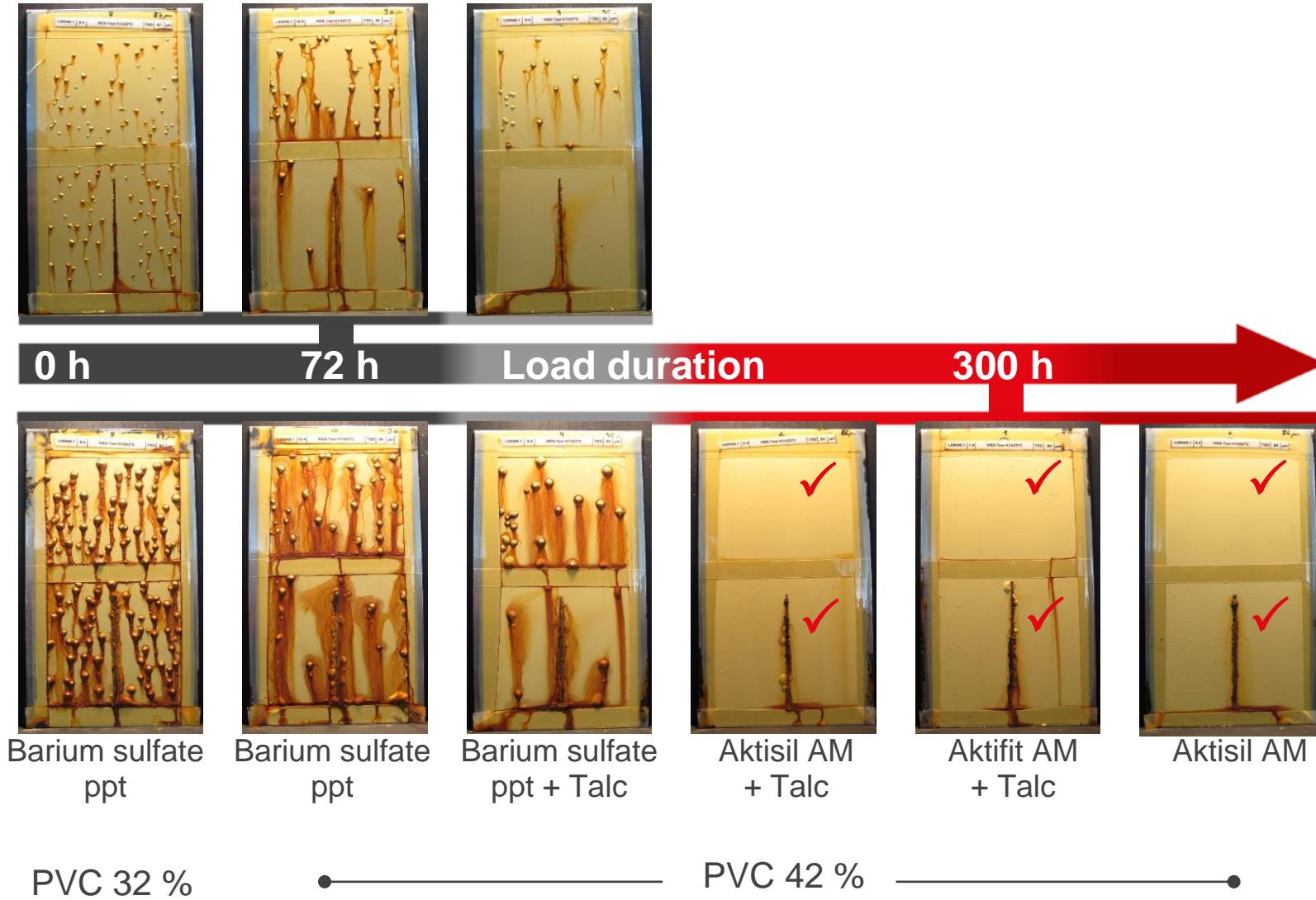
# Corrosion Test

## Evaluation criteria

| Salt Spray Test                    | DIN EN ISO 9227 NSS   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Non-scribed area                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhesion</li> <li>• Blistering</li> <li>• Corrosion stripped</li> </ul>  |
| Scribed area                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Blistering</li> </ul>  |
| Sikkens<br>1 mm width<br>7 cm long | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Delamination</li> <li>• Corrosion stripped</li> </ul>  |



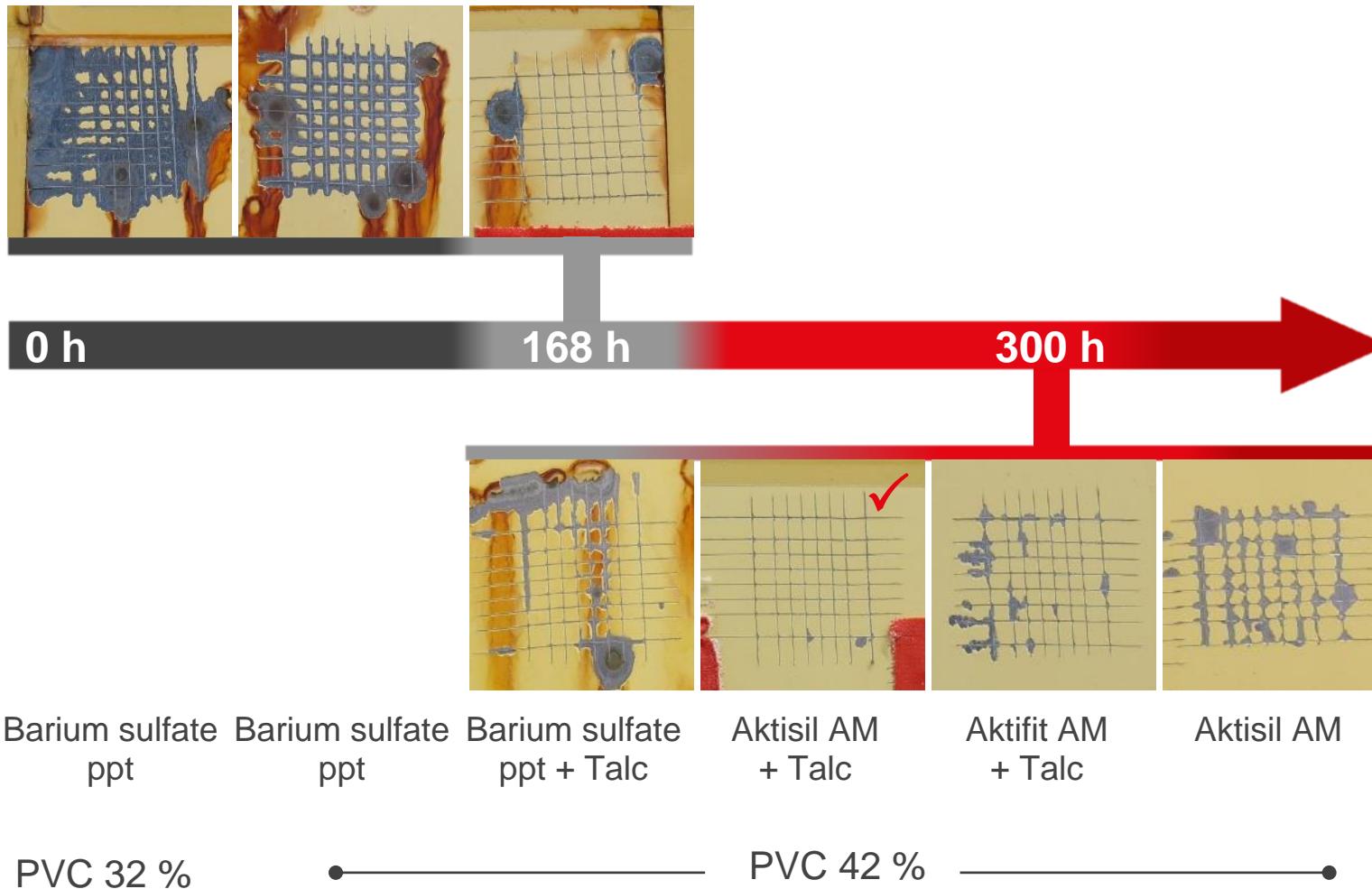
## Salt Spray Test – Appearance

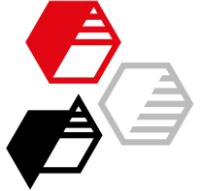




## Salt Spray Test – Adhesion

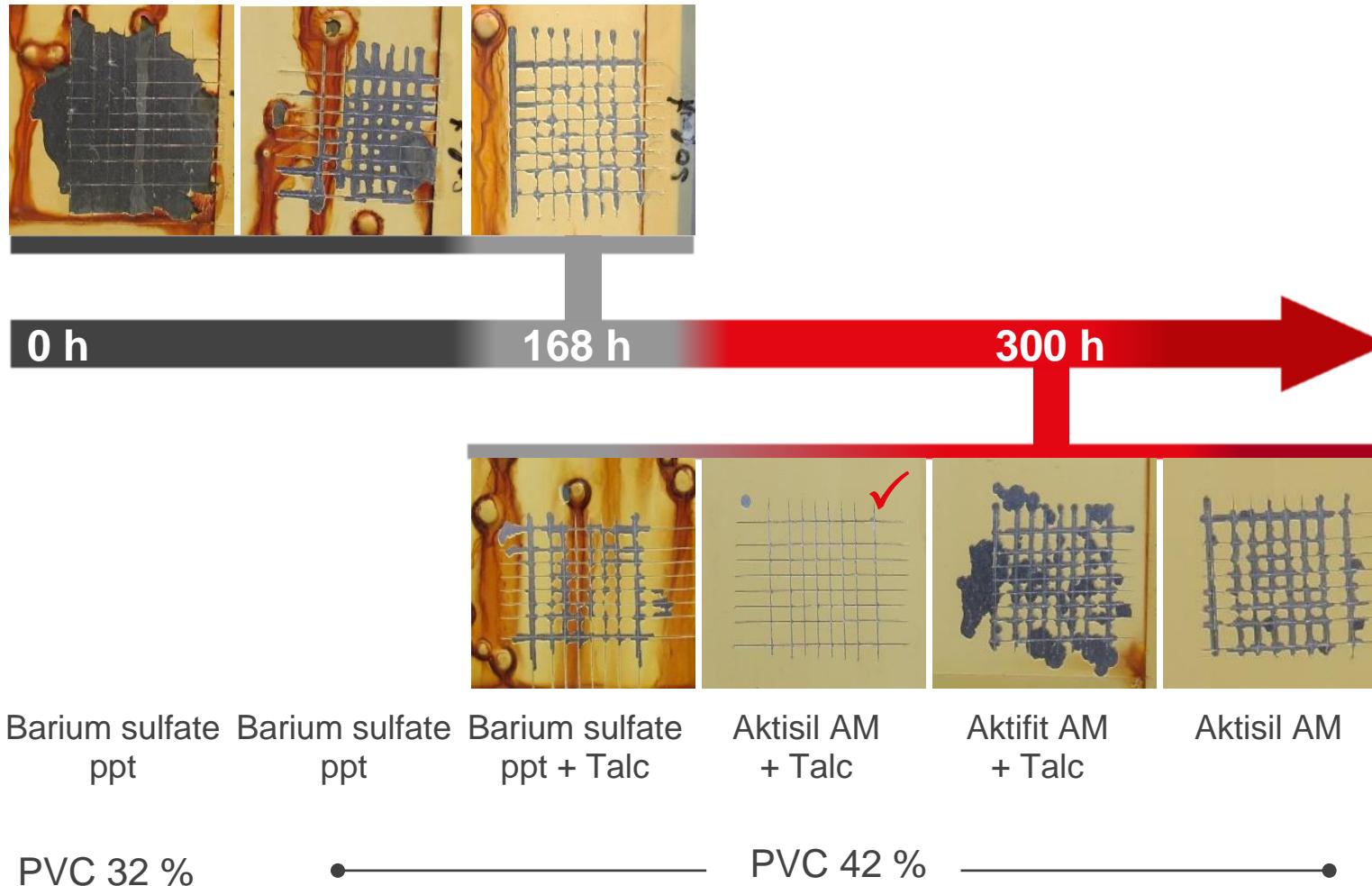
24 h regeneration time: Cross-cut test 2 mm, tape tear-off





## Salt Spray Test – Adhesion

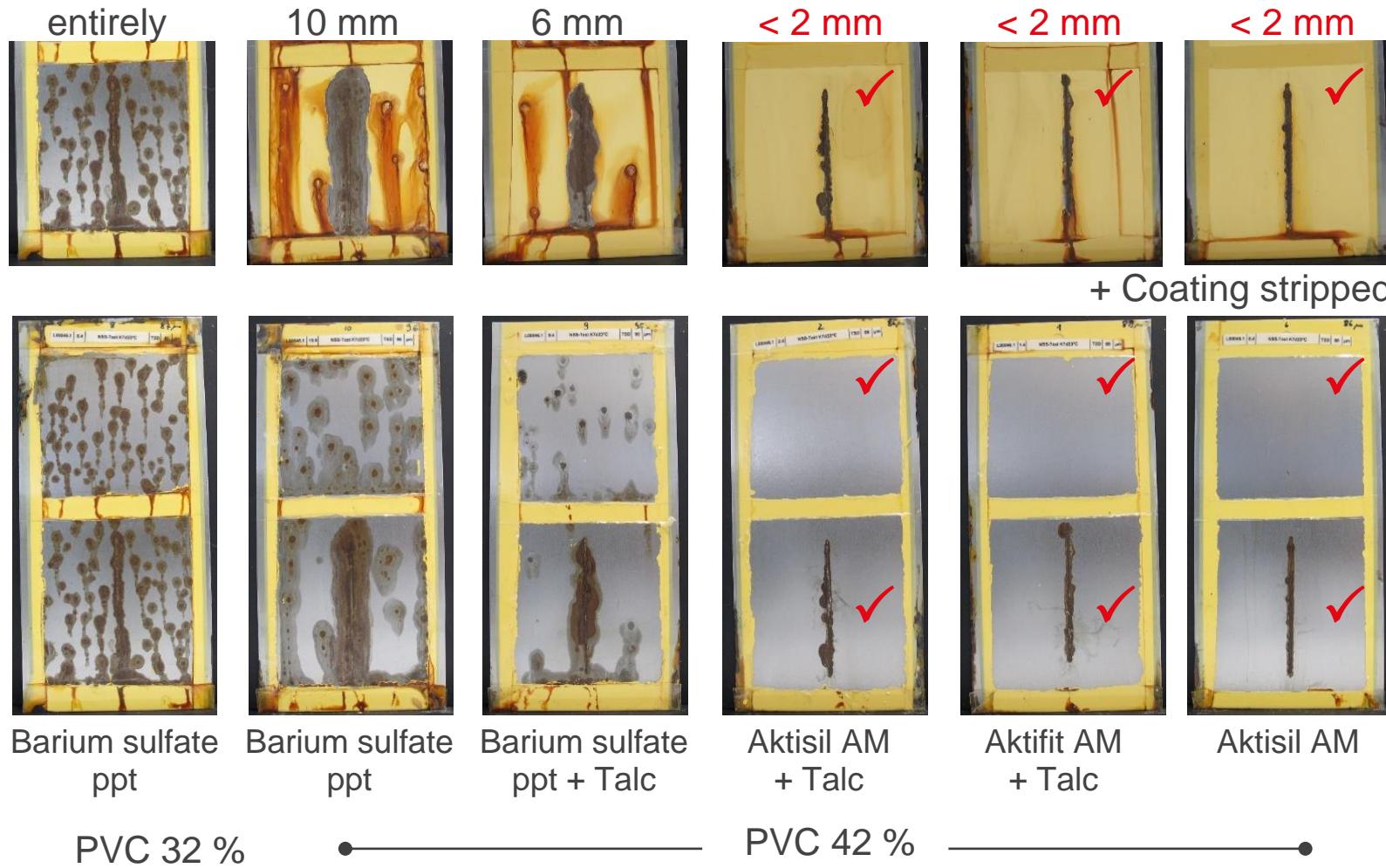
without regeneration time: Cross-cut test 2 mm, tape tear-off

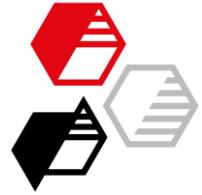




## Salt Spray Test – Metall surface 300 h

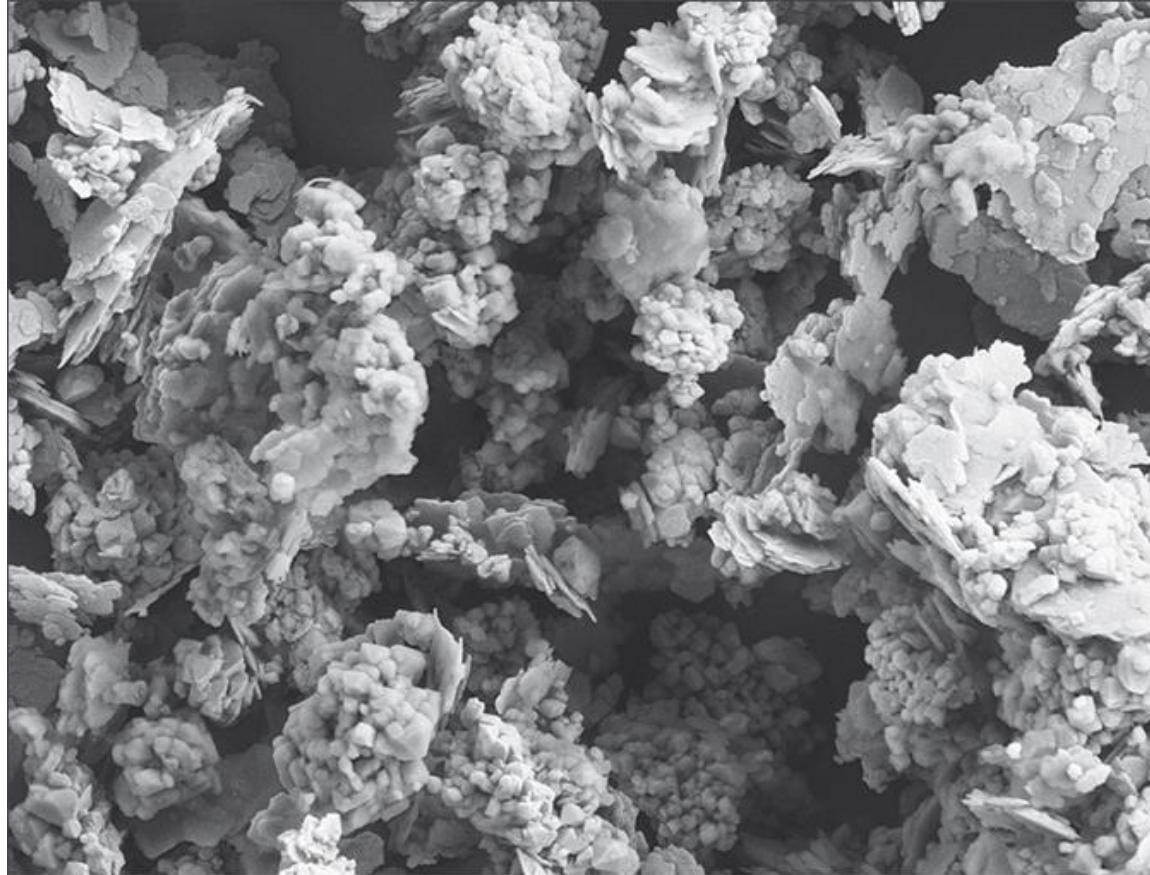
24 h regeneration time:





## Neuburg Siliceous Earth

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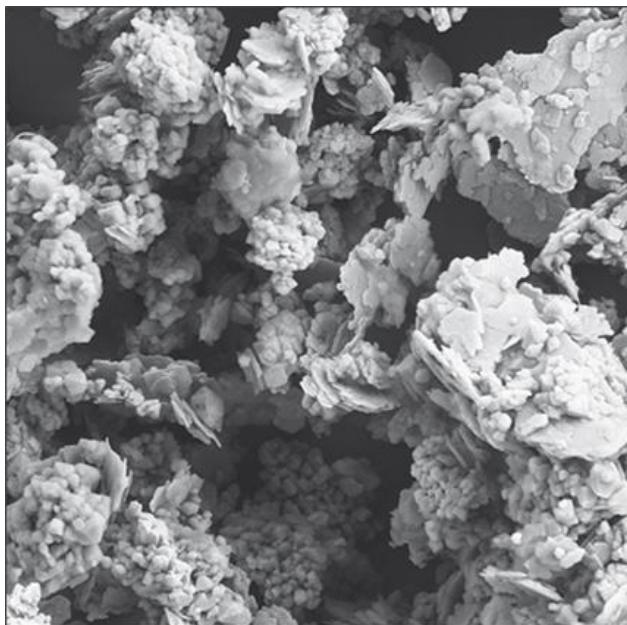


A natural combination of corpuscular Neuburg silica and lamellar kaolinite: a loose mixture impossible to separate by physical methods. The silica portion exhibits a round grain shape and consists of aggregated primary particles of about 200 nm diameter.



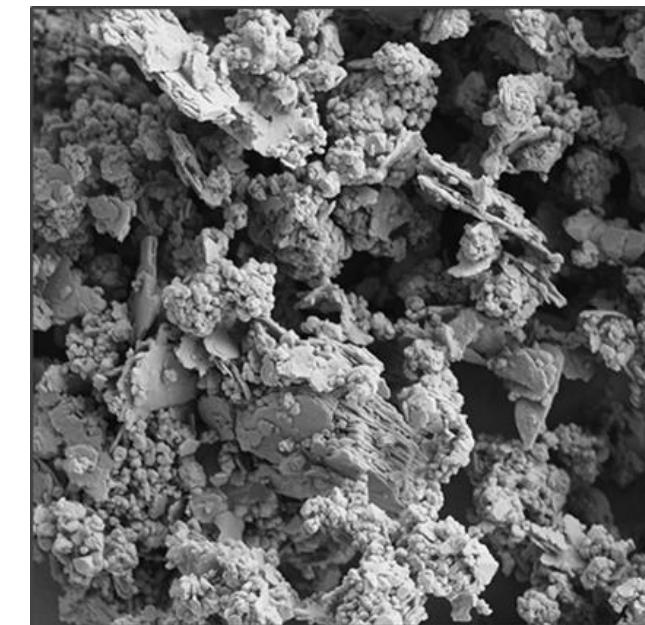
## Calcined Neuburg Siliceous Earth

A downstream thermal process lead to the calcined products **SILFIT** and **AKTIFIT**, based on SILLITIN Z 86.



Neuburg Siliceous Earth

Calcination Process



Calcined Neuburg Siliceous Earth

Additional application benefits, as well as the removing of crystal water included in the kaolinite. The silica part remains inert.





## Filler Characteristics

|                    | Particle size           |                         | Oil absorption<br>[g/100g] | Density<br>[g/cm³] | Specific surface<br>BET<br>[m²/g] | Special Features<br>-<br>Surface treatment |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
|                    | d <sub>50</sub><br>[µm] | d <sub>97</sub><br>[µm] |                            |                    |                                   |  |
| Barium sulfate ppt | 0.9                     | 3.5                     | 22                         | 4.4                | 2.7                               | Organic                                    |
| Talc               | 4.4                     | 12.5                    | 62                         | 2.8                | 8.3                               | -  |
| Aktisil AM         | 2.2                     | 10                      | 45                         | 2.6                | 9.0                               | Amino functionalized                       |
| Aktifit AM         | 2.0                     | 10                      | 65                         | 2.6                | 9.0                               | Calcination<br>+ Amino functionalized      |

